

Company Registration Number. 03574904 (England and Wales)

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mr Manish Maakan Mr Andrew Ralph England Mr Govind Singhal Mr Thakur Vikas Sinha Mr Arun Shekar Aran
Company number	03574904
Registered office	Level 21, 25 Canada Square London E14 5LQ
Auditor	Ernst & Young LLP Bedford House 16 Bedford Street Belfast BT2 7DT
Business address	Level 21, 25 Canada Square London E14 5LQ
Bankers	Barclays Bank Plc P.O. Box 544 54 Lombard Street London EC3V 9EX

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

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INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present the strategic report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

General Overview of the business

Intellect Design Arena Ltd, a cloud-native, future ready multi-product fintech platform for the world's leading financial & insurance clients caters to the full spectrum of banking and insurance technology products company, across Global Consumer Banking, Central Banking, Global Transaction Banking (iGTB), Risk, Treasury and Markets, and Insurance. With over 25 years of deep domain expertise, Intellect is the brand that progressive financial institutions rely on for digital transformation initiatives.

Intellect pioneered Design Thinking to create cutting-edge products and solutions for banking and insurance, with design being the company's key differentiator in enabling digital transformation. FinTech 8012, the world's first design center for Financial Technology, reflects Intellect's commitment to continuous and impactful innovation to address the growing need for digital transformation. Intellect serves over 240 customers through offices in 91 countries and with a diverse workforce of solution architects, domain and technology experts in major global financial hubs around the world.

In July 2016, Oxford Business School and iGTB jointly set up the iGTB Oxford School of Transaction Banking and offered their first program to senior bankers. The school has the aim of helping senior transactions bankers to run day-to-day, a successful transaction banking franchise. It is open by invitation only to heads of cash management, payments, liquidity, trade finance, supply chain finance (or equivalents) or above, in banks anywhere in the world. It is an intensive course based on Design Thinking, featuring a curriculum based on a three-level maturity model and six design levels, exercises where scholars practice using Design Thinking on real case studies of economics, CEg180 attitudes and marketing. The school takes place in the prestigious Rhodes House, Oxford, finishing at the exclusive Oxford and Cambridge Club in London, and also features a networking and cultural programme including a private tour of Oxford. Finally, alumni have private access to a site featuring prime content on transaction banking.

On 7th Feb, 2020, iGTB Oxford School of Transaction Banking made its debut in the Middle East. Intellect Global Transaction Banking (iGTB), the transaction banking specialist from Intellect Design Arena Limited, announced that its first iGTB Oxford School of Transaction Banking Alumni & Networking Event was held on 22 January, 2020 in Dubai, attracting 40 top bankers from 16 banks across the Middle East. The afternoon and evening gave a unique opportunity for senior transaction banking executives to rekindle old friendships and interact with fellow graduates from the six incarnations of the School, which achieved NPS scores up to a stunning 94.4%. More importantly, learn from the personal journeys of their fellow graduates as they continue to develop winning strategies, improve decision-making capabilities and manage organization wide change in their banks, since graduating from the program. The participants gained key insights into the immersive learning experienced by executive-level practitioners of transaction banking and got an exclusive opportunity to interact with leading corporates of the region with business interests ranging from retail, steel, healthcare, transportation, oil, steel and even diamond trading!

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Intellect Design Arena Ltd, UK continues to invest on Technology, Product design and execution competence and capacity. During the year substantial investments have been made in this regard for building and scaling up the Revenue, even if it means we have to take some hit on profitability in the short term. We are confident that we should get benefits of the investments in the years to come.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Intellect has adopted an integrated risk management framework approach in various aspects of its business to prevent and minimise any potential risks. The current challenging economic situation, affecting the financial industry continues to be a risk. The nature of our business is such that it involves a long sales cycle to close a deal. Reluctance amongst some banks to move away from legacy systems, the fear of change, also affects our business.

The Company's senior management oversees management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company are accountable to the Board of Directors, Risk Committee and the Audit Committee at a Group Level. This process provides assurance that the Company's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company's policies and overall risk appetite. In addition, independent views from bankers and currency market experts are obtained periodically to validate risk mitigation decisions. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The Intellect Group Risk Committee and the Audit Committee review and agree policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises four types of risk: interest rate risk, credit risk, currency risk and Liquidity and Cashflow risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long term debt obligations with floating interest rates, except the group company dues.

Credit Risk

Trade debtors are monitored on an ongoing basis and provisions are made for doubtful debts where required. Management also monitors and reviews the documentation process for contracts ensuring compliance and adherence to deliverables and service level agreements.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency) and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries. The Company's principal foreign currency exposure arises from trading in various currencies other than sterling.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Liquidity and Cash Flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system

Development and performance

The company's principal focus during the forthcoming year is to continue to increase sales, concentrating its efforts on achieving maximum growth in its existing market operations and to develop relationship with new clients.

Key performance indicators

The directors assess the performance of the Company by reference to the Company's revenue and operating profit.

The company achieved sales of £44 million during the financial year ending 31st March 2021, as against £48 million in the previous financial year ending 31st March 2020. The company posted a pre tax operating profit of £2.01 million in the year ended 31st March 2021, an increase in pre tax profit by £0.77 million from the previous financial year ended 31st March 2020.

Employee Engagement

Our employees and non-employee workers around the world are treated with dignity and fairness. Intellect Design Arena Limited (Intellect) is also committed to adhering to all labor standards, including without limitation nondiscrimination in hiring and the workplace, voluntary labor and no child labor, and compliance with fair working hours and applicable wage laws and regulations.

In addition, Intellect is committed to providing its employees with a safe and healthy work environment in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and appropriate training and information to prevent workplace hazards.

We are committed to driving a sustainable business that is both commercially successful and socially and environmentally responsible. This includes providing our employees in the UK and overseas with a safe and healthy working environment and having an organizational culture which promotes diversity, inclusivity, personal development and respect.

We know it's our people who make Intellect successful. We want people to enjoy coming to work and for the workplace to be free from discrimination, harassment and victimization. In order to achieve this we adhere to set policies and principles which ensure outcomes of responsible operations and supportive environments for our colleagues. We promote an environment where employees feel that there are open communication channels in which to ask questions and raise concerns.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Engagement with customers and suppliers

Building relationships and partnerships with both supplier and customers is critical to our success. Our suppliers are fundamental to the quality of our products and services, ensuring we meet the high-quality standards we set for ourselves. We provide open communication lines for suppliers and are in regular communication with them. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic we have been closely aligned to ensure supply chain and products are unaffected and are working closely with our suppliers at this time.

We have a strong, recurring customer base and are continuing to build on this, delivering high quality products and services to our customers when needed.

S172 (1) Statement

The Directors fulfil their S172 duties through effective governance, open discussion and decisions made at Board meetings. The directors of the company must act in a way that they consider is in good faith and would be most likely to promote the success of the company for the benefit of its members as a whole, and in doing so have regard (amongst other matters) to:

- the likely consequence of any decision in the long term;
- the interests of the company's employees;
- the need to foster the company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- the impact of the company's operations on the community and the environment;
- the desirability of the company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct;
- the need to act fairly as between members of the company.

As a wholly owned subsidiary the only other relevant stakeholders are the parent entity. The directors have complied with their duties under S172 of the Companies Act 2006 through the employee, supplier and customer engagement described above.

Other information and explanations

Award

[Intellect Global Transaction Banking](#) (iGTB), congratulates its many clients who have won awards in 2019. As a mark of honouring and appreciating their award-winning clients, iGTB supported the Eighth Annual Transaction Banking Awards ceremony, run independently by the renowned Global Finance banking magazine, held 25th September, 2019, during Sibos London.

iGTB clients have won over 34 prestigious awards during 2019, from various recognized industry bodies as well as especially Global Finance. iGTB congratulate all the winners, including Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, HSBC, ANZ Bank, Santander, First Abu Dhabi Bank, Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank, Qatar National Bank, Lloyds Bank, Raiffeisen Bank, Hong Leong Bank Berhad, Arab Bank, and more.

Our group Chairman and Managing Director, Mr Arun Jain was chosen to be the Chief Mentor for the Centre of Excellence (CoE), set up by the Ministry of Electronics & Information Technology (MeitY) for FinTech at STPI-Chennai. iGTB-powered Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank Wins Aite Group's 2019 Cash

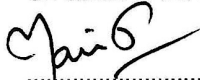
Management and Payments Innovation Award for Customer Experience. Intellect Global Transaction Banking (iGTB) solution key to the digital transformation of ADIB's end-to-end transaction banking services, empowering the bank to provide convenient, rapid and more operationally efficient services.

iGTB, is proud to congratulate UAE's leading financial institution First Abu Dhabi Bank (FAB) for being recognised by Global Finance Award 2020 as the Best Liquidity Management Bank in the Middle East. FAB, a long-standing client of iGTB, received this award for demonstrating innovation through technology to offer a differentiated user experience that aligns with the needs of today's business owners and corporate treasurers. FAB has implemented iGTB's integrated Digital Transaction Banking solution with the front-end client interface supplied by the Contextual Banking Experience (CBX) with its modern, omnichannel UX, and the back-end by iGTB's fully integrated state-of-the-art Liquidity Management Solution, collections, receivables, and payments products.

iGTB, the transaction banking specialist from Intellect has been recognised by Aite Group, pitted head-to-head, against ten other providers surveyed worldwide, as attaining the highest category, "Ready for wholesale banking API open competition" on all six of its measures, developed for wholesale banking services, sandbox, connectivity, management and analytics.

Intellect has been recognised by Gartner for its iGTB suite amongst twelve leading transaction banking players surveyed worldwide in the report, which covers transaction banking offerings including account services, payments, collections, liquidity management, information services, trade finance and supply chain finance.

On behalf of the board



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Mr Manish Maakan
Director

Date : 30/06/21

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of computer software development, software engineering and I.T. consultancy.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr Manish Maakan
Mr Andrew Ralph England
Mr Govind Singhal
Mr Thakur Vikas Sinha
Mr Arun Shekar Aran

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 15.

The directors do not propose payment of an ordinary dividend. (2020:£NIL)

Auditor

The auditor, Ernst & Young LLP is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

SECR disclosure

The directors are aware about SECR disclosure requirements introduced in 2019. The directors have performed their procedures to assess the energy consumption by the Company in the reporting period and concluded that it is below the limit of 40 MWh, hence, Intellect Design Arena Ltd. can be considered as low energy user. Due to nature of the business, directors believe no reporting in this regard is required for the period ending 31 March 2021.

Going Concern

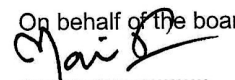
The financial statements of Intellect Design Arena Limited (the Company) have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Directors have concluded that the Company will continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the period of their assessment which is to 30 June 2022. The Company has net current liabilities of £7m as at 31 March 2021. The Company does not have any bank debt or other external borrowings or facilities. The Directors have received written confirmation from the ultimate parent entity, Intellect Design Arena Limited, India, that the Company will be provided financial support for the period until 30 June 2022. The Directors have made suitable enquiries to satisfy themselves that the ultimate parent company is capable of providing the stated support.

In view of the assessment performed, the Directors are satisfied that sufficient financial resources will be generated by the Company or received from its ultimate parent entity to enable the Company to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the period to 30 June 2022. Accordingly, the Directors of the Company believe that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Branches outside the United Kingdom

The company's principal activities during the year continued to be that of computer software development, software engineering and I.T. consultancy in UK and through branches in Germany, Spain, Sweden, Austria and France.

On behalf of the board



Mr. Manish Maakan
Director

Date : 30/6/21

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Intellect Design Arena Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 24, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the review period to 30 June 2022.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 9, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant are Company Act 2006, The UK bribery Act 2010, Money laundering regulations, General Data Protection Regulations and UK tax legislation.
- We understood how Intellect Design Arena Limited is complying with those frameworks making enquires of management and those responsible for legal and compliance procedures, including the Board of Directors. We corroborated our enquires through our review of board minutes. We noted no contradictory evidence.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by having a discussion with management within various part of the business to understand where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud. We also considered performance targets and their influence on efforts made by management to manage results.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

- Based on this understanding we designed audit procedures to identify noncompliance with laws and regulations. We considered the risk of fraud through management override of controls and designed testing over manual journals entries as part of our audit approach. We used data analysis to select manual journals with specific risk criteria and obtained supporting evidence for the journals selected. We also assessed that revenue was a judgemental area of the audit which is more susceptible to fraud. We obtained an understanding of the controls over the process for the recognition of revenue and performed testing of these controls. We tested, the occurrence of the revenue recorded in the financial statements and any manual adjustments to revenue that met specific risk criteria. These procedures included tracing transactions and manual adjustments back to source documentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young LLP

Neil Corry (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
Belfast
Date: 30 June 2021

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover	3	44,144,131	48,400,476
Cost of sales		<u>(38,596,625)</u>	<u>(42,846,748)</u>
Gross profit		5,547,506	5,553,728
Administrative expenses		<u>(3,376,974)</u>	<u>(4,220,225)</u>
Operating profit	4	2,170,532	1,333,503
Interest receivable and similar income	7	3,706	42,487
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	<u>(163,923)</u>	<u>(140,431)</u>
Profit before taxation		2,010,315	1,235,559
Tax on profit	9	<u>(65,275)</u>	<u>(175,937)</u>
Profit for the financial year		<u>1,945,040</u>	<u>1,059,622</u>

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

The notes on pages 19 to 34 are an Integral part of these financial statements.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

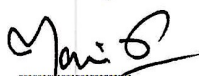
	2021	2020
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	1,945,040	1,059,622
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,945,040	1,059,622

The notes on pages 19 to 34 are an Integral part of these financial statements.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED
BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
Fixed assets		£	£
Intangible assets	10	3,841,444	5,133,928
Intangible assets - CWIP	11	15,181,389	10,822,390
Tangible assets	12	215,888	290,758
Investments	13	666,088	666,088
		<u>19,904,809</u>	<u>16,913,164</u>
Current assets			
Debtors :	14		
- amounts falling due within one year		12,786,150	16,104,088
- amounts falling due after one year		69,733	64,484
Investments	15	127,516	-
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>2,049,422</u>	<u>2,457,994</u>
		15,032,821	18,626,566
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	<u>(22,037,260)</u>	<u>(24,584,400)</u>
Net current liabilities		(7,004,439)	(5,957,834)
Total assets less current liabilities		12,900,370	10,955,330
Provisions for liabilities	17	(23,868)	(23,868)
Net assets		<u>12,876,502</u>	<u>10,931,462</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	20	889,000	889,000
Profit and loss reserves	21	<u>11,987,502</u>	<u>10,042,462</u>
Total equity		<u>12,876,502</u>	<u>10,931,462</u>

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on
and are signed on its behalf by :



Mr Manish Maakan
Director

30/6/21

Company Registration No. 03574904

The notes on pages 19 to 34 are an integral part of these financial statements.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Called up Share Capital	Profit and Loss Reserves	Total Equity
	£	£	£
Balance as of 1st April 2019	889,000	8,982,840	9,871,840
Year Ended 31st March 2020			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,059,622	1,059,622
Balance at 31 March 2020	889,000	10,042,462	10,931,462
Year ended 31 March 2021 :			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,945,040	1,945,040
Balance at 31 March 2021	889,000	11,987,502	12,876,502

Called up Share Capital

Represents the nominal value of shares issued

Profit and Loss Reserves

Represents all current and prior years profits and losses

The notes on pages 19 to 34 are an Integral part of these financial statements.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. Accounting policies

Company information

Intellect Design Arena Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The registered office is Level 21, 25 Canada Square, London, E14 5LQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standard including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' – Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares ;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' – Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures ;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' – Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income ;
- Section 26 'Share based Payment' – Share-based payment expense charged to profit or loss, reconciliation of opening and closing number and weighted average exercise price of share options, how the fair value of options granted was measured, measurement and carrying amount of liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments, explanation of modifications to arrangements;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' – Compensation for key management personnel.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group .

Intellect Design Arena Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Intellect Design Arena Limited, a company incorporated in India, and the results of Intellect Design Arena Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Intellect Design Arena Limited which can be obtained from Intellect Design Arena Limited, Polaris House, 244, Anna Salai, Chennai 600006, India.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1.2 Going Concern

The financial statements of Intellect Design Arena Limited (the Company) have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Directors have concluded that the Company will continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the period of their assessment which is to 30 June 2022. The Company has net current liabilities of £7m as at 31 March 2021. The Company does not have any bank debt or other external borrowings or facilities. The Directors have received written confirmation from the ultimate parent entity, Intellect Design Arena Limited, India, that the Company will be provided financial support for the period until 30 June 2022. The Directors have made suitable enquiries to satisfy themselves that the ultimate parent company is capable of providing the stated support.

In view of the assessment performed, the Directors are satisfied that sufficient financial resources will be generated by the Company or received from its ultimate parent entity to enable the Company to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the period to 30 June 2022. Accordingly, the Directors of the Company believe that it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for software engineering products and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Software licence	20% straight line basis per annum
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1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements	Over the period of the lease
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% reducing balance per annum

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

1.8 Software work in progress

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred, except that development expenditure incurred on an individual project is capitalised as an intangible asset when the company can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the asset and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development.

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the cost model is applied requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised evenly over the period of expected future benefit. During the period of development the asset is tested for impairment annually.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.10 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.11 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1.12 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.13 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1.14 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.15 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.16 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2. Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Development expenditure is capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy given below. Initial capitalisation of costs is based on management's judgement that technical and economic feasibility is confirmed, usually when a product development project has reached a defined milestone according to an established project management model. In determining the amounts to be capitalised management makes assumptions regarding the expected future cash generation of the assets, discount rates to be applied and the expected period of benefits.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3 Turnover

An analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Sale of software products licences and services	44,144,131	48,400,476
	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover analysed by geographical market		
United Kingdom and Europe and African, Indian and American Sub-continent	44,144,131	48,400,476

The turnover of the company during the year, derived from its principal activity, attributable to the various geographies are 74% (2020- 89%) from the UK, 21% (2020 - 7%) from Europe and the remaining 5% (2020 -4%) predominantly from the African, Indian and American subcontinent.

4 Operating profit

	2021 £	2020 £
Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Exchange differences apart from those arising on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	(87,049)	(3,120)
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's financial statements	35,000	33,166
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	76,849	72,295
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,292,492	853,259
Operating lease charges	248,120	248,120

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5 Employees

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Software engineers, IT Consultants and Management	114	152

Their aggregate remuneration comprised :

	2021 £	2020 £
Wages & Salaries	9,337,178	11,276,604
Social Security Cost	1,054,106	1,518,267
Pension costs	145,824	236,270
	10,537,108	13,031,141

6 Directors' Remuneration

	2021 £	2020 £
Remuneration for qualifying services	460,176	656,600
	460,176	656,600

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounted to 1 (2020 - 1).

The number of directors who exercised share options during the year was NIL (2020 - NIL).

Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest paid director:

	2021 £	2020 £
Remuneration for qualifying services	460,176	656,600
Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	13,721	19,698

7 Interest receivable and similar income

	2021 £	2020 £
Other interest income	3,706	42,487
Total income	3,706	42,487

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

8	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
	Interest payable to group undertakings	163,923	140,431
	Other finance costs:		
	Interest on finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	-
		163,923	140,431
9	Tax on Profit		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	312,463	170,493
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(247,188)	-
	Total Current Tax	65,275	170,493
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	5,444
	Total tax charge	65,275	175,937
	The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Profit before taxation	2,010,315	1,235,559
	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2020: 19.00%)	381,960	234,756
	Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	43	4,239
	Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	(7,907)	(10,268)
	RDEC expenditure credits	(74,034)	(54,046)
	Adjustments in respect of prior years	(247,188)	-
	Permanent capital allowances in excess of depreciation	14,056	1,256
	Depreciation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances	(1,655)	-
	Tax relief on share options	-	-
	Deferred tax - timing differences re.fixed assets	-	-
		65,275	175,937
	Taxation charge in the financial statements	65,275	175,937

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and 18% from 1 April 2020 were announced in the 2015 summer budget and substantively enacted in November 2015. In addition, the 2016 budget provided a further reduction in the rate from 1 April 2020 to 17% which was substantively enacted by the 2016 Finance Bill in September 2016.

Legislation will be introduced in Finance Bill 2020 to amend the main rate of Corporation Tax for all non-ring fence profits to 19% for financial year 2020. The Corporation Tax charge and the main rate will also be set at 19% for all non-ring fence profits for financial year 2021.

As a step to rebuild its finance after Covid 19 Pandemic, the Government propose to increase the main Corporation Tax rate to 25% from 1 April 2023 on profits over £250,000

The company has tax losses arising in the UK of £Nil (2020 :£Nil) that are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits of those companies in which the losses arose.

10 Intangible assets

	Software License
Cost	£
At 1 April 2020	6,462,422
Additions	-
At 31 March 2021	<u>6,462,422</u>
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	
At 1 April 2020	1,328,494
Amortisation charged for the year	<u>1,292,484</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>2,620,978</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2021	<u>3,841,444</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>5,133,928</u>

11 Intangible assets - CWIP

	2021	2020
	£	£
Software work in progress	15,181,389	10,822,390

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

12 Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Fixtures, fittings & equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 April 2020	249,625	233,338	482,963
Additions	-	1,979	1,979
At 31 March 2021	249,625	235,317	484,942
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
At 1 April 2020	84,492	107,713	192,205
Depreciation charged in the year	33,027	43,822	76,849
At 31 March 2021	117,519	151,535	269,054
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2021	132,106	83,782	215,888
At 31 March 2020	165,133	125,625	290,758

13 Investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Investments in subsidiaries	666,088	666,088

Fixed asset investments not carried at market value

The investments in the subsidiaries are stated at cost

Movements in fixed asset investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2020 & 31 March 2021	666,088
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2021	666,088
At 31 March 2020	666,088

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

13A Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2021 are as follows:

Nature of Business : Computer Software Development, Software Engineering and I.T. Consultancy

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Class of shares	% held direct
Intellect Design Arena Chile Limitada	Chile	Ordinary	90
Intellect Design Arena Inc	Canada	Ordinary	100

Chile Registered Office Address : Monseñor Sotero Sanz N° 161, Piso 8, Providencia, Santiago, Chile

Canada Registered Office Address : Suite 400, 181 University Avenue, Toronto, ON M5H 3M7, Canada

14 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	11,233,960	13,150,894
Amounts owed to group undertakings	738,529	1,854,024
Corporation tax recoverable	160,392	273,706
Other debtors	184,657	246,847
Prepayments and accrued income	468,612	578,617
Amounts falling due after one year :		
Trade debtors		
- External	69,733	64,484
	12,855,883	16,168,572

Intercompany balance are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

15 Current asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Loans to group companies	127,516	-
Group Company Loan bear interest rate of 3% p.a. and repayable on demand		

16 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	52,362	153,884
Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,120,341	10,641,036
Taxation and social security	3,896,130	2,611,606
Other creditors	616,391	455,901
Accruals and deferred income	6,352,036	10,721,973
	22,037,260	24,584,400

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest bearing and are repayable on demand

Group Company Loan bear interest rate of 4% p.a.

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

17	Provisions for liabilities			
		Notes	2021	2020
			£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities	18	23,868	23,868
18	Deferred taxation			
	Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:			
			Liabilities	Liabilities
			2021	2020
			£	£
	Balances:			
	Accelerated Capital Allowances		23,868	23,868
				2021
	Movements in the year:			£
	Liability at 1 April 2020			23,868
	Charge to profit or loss			-
	Liability at 31 March 2021			23,868
19	Retirement benefit schemes			
			2021	2020
			£	£
	Defined contribution schemes			
	Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes		145,824	236,270
20	Called up Share Capital			
			2021	2020
			£	£
	Ordinary share capital			
	Issued and fully paid			
	889,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		889,000	889,000
	The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the company			
21	Profit and loss reserves			
			2021	2020
			£	£
	At the beginning of the year		10,042,462	8,982,840
	Profit for the financial year		1,945,040	1,059,622
	At the end of the year		11,987,502	10,042,462

INTELLECT DESIGN ARENA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

22 Operating lease commitments Lessee

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the company for one of its properties. The lease has been negotiated for a term of five years and rentals are fixed for the same term.

At the reporting end date the company had commitments for future minimum lease payments under noncancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Within one year	248,120	248,120
Between two and five years	248,120	496,240
	<u>496,240</u>	<u>744,360</u>

23 Directors' transactions

Advances or credits have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

During the year, consultancy fees amounting to £97,505 (2020: £202,209) were payable to ONYX Global Consulting Limited, a company in which Mr Andrew Ralph England is a director.

Name	% Rate	Opening balance £	Interest Charges £	Amounts Repaid £	Closing balance £
Mr.Manish Maakan	3	89,807	2,616	(3,270)	89,153

24 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is Intellect Design Arena Limited, a company registered in India and listed in BSE Limited (Bombay Stock Exchange) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). This is the only consolidated financial statements, that Intellect Design Arena Limited, UK is included in. The Consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Polaris House, 244, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 006, India